

IOTW: Blood Gas

Please refer to the following investigation (VBG) for the subsequent questions:

FO ₂ (I)	21.0 %		
Sample type	Venous		
Operator	40049393		
T	37.0 °C		
Note			
Acid Base Status			
pH	7.175		[-]
pCO ₂	29.2	mmHg	[-]
pO ₂	37.8	mmHg	[-]
sO ₂	60.6	%	[-]
↓ cHCO ₃ ⁻ (P) _C	10.3	mmol/L	[22.0 - 32.0]
‡ cBase(Ecf) _C	-16.5	mmol/L	[-3.0 - 3.0]
Electrolyte Values			
cNa ⁺	149	mmol/L	[-]
cK ⁺	4.4	mmol/L	[-]
cCl ⁻	113	mmol/L	[-]
cCa ²⁺	1.31	mmol/L	[-]
Metabolite Values			
‡ cGlu	> 40	mmol/L	[-]
cLac	3.7	mmol/L	[-]
↑ cCrea	90	µmol/L	[45 - 90]
Oximetry Values			
↑ cHb	159	g/L	[120 - 150]
sO ₂	60.6	%	[-]
FHHb	36.8	%	[-]
↓ FO ₂ Hb	59.6	%	[94.0 - 98.0]
FMethHb	1.0	%	[0.4 - 1.2]
FCOHb	0.6	%	[0.3 - 1.8]
cO ₂ C	13.3	Vol%	[-]
BO ₂ C	21.8	Vol%	[-]
Calculated Values			
pCO ₂ (T)	29.2	mmHg	[-]

1. What is the major acid-base abnormality?
2. What is the Winter's formula? Please apply the Winter's formula to this VBG. What is the clinical implication of this?
3. What is the anion gap? Please provide your differentials based on the anion gap.
4. What is the delta ratio for this VBG? What is the role of a delta ratio?
5. What is the corrected serum K+?
6. What is the corrected serum Na+?
7. Serum Urea is 10mmol/L. What is the estimated serum osmolality?
8. What is your provisional diagnosis?
9. Describe the clinical picture you may expect of this patient with this VBG.
10. Outline your management.